

Profile Name		Bronze	Gold	Platinum	Diamond (Male)	Diamond (Female)	Sapphire (Male)	Sapphire (Female)
Biometric Parameters	Height and Weight (BMI)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Blood Pressure	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hematology Profile <small>*includes PBF when blood indices abnormal</small>	Full Blood Count		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	ESR			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Diabetic Panel	HBA1C	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Renal Function	Urea	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Creatinine	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Sodium		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Potassium		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Chloride		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	eGFR		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bone & Joint Profile	Calcium		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Phosphate		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Uric Acid		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	R A Factor		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Coronary Risk/Cardiac Profile	Total Cholesterol	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Triglycerides	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	HDL, LDL Cholesterol	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Chol/HDL Ratio	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Direct LDL		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	hsCRP				✓	✓	✓	✓
Liver Profile	Total Protein		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Albumin		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Globulin		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	A/G Ratio		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Total Bilirubin		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Alkaline Phosphatase		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	SGOT (AST)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	SGPT (ALT)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	GGT		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hepatitis Profile	Hepatitis Bs Antigen (HBsAg)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Hepatitis Bs Antibody (HBsAb)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Hepatitis A Antibody (HAV)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Hepatitis C				✓	✓	✓	✓
Thyroid Profile	FT4			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	TSH			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

Tumour Markers	AFP (Liver)			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	CEA (Colon/Stomach)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	PSA (Male) - Prostate / CA125 (Female) - Ovaries			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	CA19.9 (Intestinal)				✓	✓	✓	✓
	CA15.3 (Breasts)					(Female)		(Female)
	EBV EA+EBNA-1 IgA AB (Nose)					(Male)		(Male)
STD Profile	Syphilis Ab (TPPA if Syphilis Ab positive)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Urine Analysis	Urine FEME		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
	Urine Microalbumin / Creatinine Ratio		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Heart Profile	Apolipoprotein A						✓	✓
	Apolipoprotein B						✓	✓
	Apo B/A1 Ratio						✓	✓
Deficiency Screen	Vitamin D						✓	✓
	Vitamin B12						✓	✓
	Folate						✓	✓
	Iron						✓	✓
Fertility Profile	Prolactin						✓	✓
	Luteinizing Hormone						✓	✓
	Follicle Stimulating Hormone (FSH)						✓	✓
	Testosterone						(Male)	
	Estradiol (E2)							(Female)
	Progesterone							(Female)
PRICE (PER PAX)		\$108	\$158	\$248	\$378	\$378	\$600	\$600
3 PAX OR MORE (PER PAX)		\$100	\$148	\$228	\$338	\$338	\$550	\$550

Others Blood Test @ \$35 each (Subjected to 7% GST) (by using the same amount of blood taken)

Liver (AFP) - Alpha-Fetoprotein is a protein to screen for liver cancer.
Stomach/ Colon (CEA) - Carcinoembryonic Antigen is a type of molecular protein, which can be found in many different cells in our body. A rise in CEA level indicates progression or recurrence of the cancer.
Prostate (PSA) – Male Only - Prostate-Specific Antigen is a protein produced by cells of the prostate gland and is to screen for prostate enlargement and disorders.
Ovarian (CA125) – Female Only - CA125 is a protein found in women. Women with Ovarian Cancer have relatively high level of CA125 in their blood stream.
Breast (CA15.3) – Female Only - CA 15.3 is used to monitor breast cancer.
Testosterone - This is the principal male sex hormone that plays key roles such as enhanced libido, energy, immune function and protection against bone loss. Testosterone levels decline gradually with men.
Pancreas (CA19.9) - This test screen for Pancreatic cancer. Pancreas produce enzymes to digest food, as well as insulin to regular blood sugar.
Nose & Throat (EBV) - Epstein-Barr Virus is a common virus, which can be linked to several rare cancers; Hodgkin Lymphoma, Nasopharyngeal carcinoma etc.
Germ Cell (Beta HCG) - Elevation of Beta Human Chorionic Gonadotropin level indicates abnormalities in Uterus (Female) or Testicular (Male).
C-Reactive Protein (HSCR) - Highly Sensitive C-Reactive Protein is to measure the level of inflammation in the body. This may lead to several heart-related conditions such as: Heart Attack, Stroke, Peripheral Arterial Disease.
Stomach Ulcer (Helicobacter Pylori) - Helicobacter Pylori is a bacterium in the stomach. This bacterium causes chronic inflammation which may lead to stomach ulcers & gastritis.

Other Test (subjected to 7% GST)

Heart Profile	Consist of Apolipoprotein A, Apolipoprotein B & Apo B/A1 Ratio. Measurement of these apolipoproteins could improve cardiovascular risk prediction.	\$65.00
Hepatitis A and B Screen	Consist of Hepatitis Bs Antigen (HBsAg), Hepatitis Bs Antibody (HBsAb) & Hepatitis A Antibody (HAV). Determines whether a person has ever been infected; and a Hepatitis B surface antibody test, which determines whether a person has cleared the virus after infection or has been vaccinated and is now immune to future infections.	\$40.00
Cardiac Profile (Heart Screen)	Consist of Hs CRP, Apolipoprotein A, Apolipoprotein B & Apo B/A1 Ratio. It is the process of testing for possible medical conditions affecting the heart.	\$85.00
Deficiency Screen	Consist of Vitamin D, Vitamin B12, Folate & Iron. Vitamin B testing is used to find out if your body is not getting enough of one or more B vitamins (vitamin B deficiency). A vitamin B12 and folate test is often used to check for certain types of anaemia. Whereas Iron is an important nutrient that your body needs to survive. Among its other functions, iron is an important component of red blood cells, without enough iron, your body can't produce enough of a substance in red blood cells that enables them to carry oxygen (haemoglobin).	\$200.00
HIV Testing	HIV testing determines whether you're infected with HIV, a virus that weakens your immune system and can lead to acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS).	\$35.00
HIV, Syphilis, Herpes II, Hepatitis B	Syphilis tests tell if a person has the disease. Looking for antibodies to the bacterium, or germ, that causes syphilis. Herpes II is the results of an antibody test report whether antibodies produced in response to an HSV infection were detected in the sample used for testing. Hepatitis B is a viral infection that causes inflammation of the liver. Hepatitis B test results can identify present Hepatitis B infection, past exposure to HBV, or immunity to the virus. HBV is spread through contact with body fluids.	\$85.00
HIV, Syphilis, Chlamydia, Gonorrhea	A chlamydia test looks for the presence of chlamydia bacteria in your body. The disease is easily treated with antibiotics. But if it's not treated, chlamydia can cause serious complications, including infertility in women and swelling of the urethra in men. While a Gonorrhea test is used to find out whether you have a Gonorrhea infection. (Both Chlamydia and Gonorrhea requires a clinical visit for the test).	\$175.00
HIV, Syphilis, Herpes II, Hepatitis B, Chlamydia, Gonorrhea	An STD or STI test is a medical test to determine the presence of a Sexually Transmitted Disease (STD) or a Sexually Transmitted Infection (STI). Different tests are used to detect different STIs. There is no single procedure or test that can detect all sexually transmitted infections. Different STI tests may require different types of samples from different parts of the body. (Both Chlamydia and Gonorrhea requires a clinical visit for the test).	\$233.00
HPV	The HPV test looks for cervical infection by high-risk types of HPV that are more likely to cause pre-cancers and cancers of the cervix. It is to determine your risk of developing cervical cancer.	\$150.00
Immunological Stool Analysis	Stool Occult Blood (Immunological), a test that checks for occult (hidden) blood in the stool. Blood in the stool may be a sign of colorectal cancer or other problems, such as polyps, ulcers, or haemorrhoids.	\$30.00